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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
_	10/627,883	07/25/2003		Artur Andrzejak	200209180-1	4247	-
	22879	7590	11/17/2006	EXAMINER			
	HEWLETT 1	PACKA	RD COMPANY	ENG, DAVID Y -			
	P O BOX 272	400, 340	4 E. HARMONY RO	DAD			_
		•	OPERTY ADMINIS	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
	FORT COLL			2155		_	

DATE MAILED: 11/17/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.		Applicant(s)						
	Office Action Commons	10/627,883		ANDRZEJAK ET	AL.					
Office Action Summary			Examiner		Art Unit					
	·		DAVID Y. E	NG	2155					
TI Period for R	ne MAILING DATE of this commu eply	nication appe	ears on the o	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ldress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).										
Status			•							
1)□ Re:	sponsive to communication(s) fil	ed on								
·		2b) This		n-final.						
<u>'</u>		•			secution as to the	e merits is				
•	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.									
Disposition	·		•							
4)⊠ Cla	im(s) 1-23 is/are pending in the	application.								
•	Of the above claim(s) is/s			sideration.						
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.									
6)□ Cla	im(s) is/are rejected.									
7)□ Cla	im(s) is/are objected to.									
8) Cla	im(s) are subject to restri	ction and/or	election red	quirement.						
Application	Papers									
9) <u></u> The	specification is objected to by the	ne Examiner	г.							
10)⊠ The	drawing(s) filed on 25 July 200	<u>3</u> is/are: a)∑	□ accepted	or b) objected to b	y the Examiner.					
App	olicant may not request that any obje	ection to the d	drawing(s) be	held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).										
11)□ The	oath or declaration is objected	to by the Exa	aminer. Not	e the attached Office	Action or form P7	ΓΟ-152.				
Priority und	er 35 U.S.C. § 119									
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:										
1.[	Certified copies of the priority	y documents	s have been	received.						
2.[	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No									
3.[	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage									
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).									
* See	* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.									
				·						
Attachment(s)				_						
	References Cited (PTO-892)	DTO 040'	·	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da						
3) 🛛 Information	Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review ( on Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) (s)/Mail Date <u>7/25/2003</u> .			5) Notice of Informal P  Other:						

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Applicants are requested to update the status and serial numbers of related applications on page one of the specification.

There are two periods in line 6 of the abstract. One of them should be deleted.

In the second last line of page 1 of the specification, words appear to be missing. Applicants are requested to review the entire specification for typo errors.

The present abstract is objected to as being unclear. A new abstract which is more aptly descriptive of the nature and gist of the technical disclosure is requested. Line 10-15 of the abstract is not understood. The summary of the invention has the same defect.

A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain a patent therefor ..." (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See *Miller v. Eagle Mfg. Co.*, 151 U.S. 186 (1894); *In re Ockert*, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer <u>cannot</u> overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In* 

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re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-23 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-40 of copending Application No. 10/627,324. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other.

The only difference between the two sets of claims is that the method of determining a placement of services recited in the instant claims does not require establishing a placement indicator for a specific service. The placement indicator therefore is not used in the step of employing a local search solution to solve an integer program. It is obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to not to use placement indicator in solving an integer program as an input if the placement indicator is not a factor for solving the integer program.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

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Claims 1-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. The specification fails to disclose details of the last step of the independent claims. The specification fails to disclose how the local solution is employed to solve an integer program comprising the placement indicator, the communication constraints, and the objective so as to determine the placement of the services onto the nodes. Figures 3 and 4 are no different than the claims. Figure 7 is a flow chart for determining whether new value meets optimality criteria and Figure 8 merely shows the basic components of a computer.

Claims 1-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

With respect to claim 1, it is not seen how the steps as recited in the claim combination are able to determine a placement of services of a distributed application onto nodes of a network as called for in the preamble. The steps merely suggest to use placement indicator, communication constraints and objective to determine the placement of services. Following the steps does not result in any determination of placing a service onto a node of a network. Other independent claims have similar defects.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DAVID Y. ENG whose telephone number is 571-272-3984. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 8AM to 3PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, SALEH NAJJAR, can be reached on 571-272-4006. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

DAVID Y. ENG PRIMARY EXAMINER